

Timber Alert

Wellness - March 2017

LIVE WELL - WORK WELL



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MARCH: NATIONAL NUTRITION MONTH



National Nutrition Month® is a nutrition education and information campaign created annually in March by the American Dietetic Association. The campaign focuses attention on the importance of making informed food choices and developing sound eating and physical activity habits.

The American Dietetic Association has identified the following as the top ten nutrition facts for people to know and understand:

- Eating right doesn't have to be complicated. Use The 2015-2020 Dietary Guidelines for Americans emphasizes the importance of creating a healthy eating pattern to maintain health and reduce the risk of disease. Everything we eat and drink the food and beverage choices we make day to day and over our lifetime matters. Visit mypyramid.gov to develop a personalized plan to lifelong health.
- The best nutrition advice is based on science. Before adopting any changes to your diet, be sure the information is based on scientific research. Countless reputable studies over many years have shown balance and variety are needed for good health.
- Balancing physical activity and a healthful diet is your best recipe for managing weight and promoting overall health and fitness.
- Think nutrient-rich rather than "good" or "bad" foods. The majority of your food choices should be packed with vitamins, minerals, fiber and other nutrients and lower in calories.
- Look at the big picture: No single food or meal makes or breaks a
 healthful diet. Your total diet is the most important focus for healthful
 eating. All foods can fit into a healthful diet when consumed in moderation or
 appropriate portions.
- Prepare, handle and store food properly to keep you and your family safe from foodborne illness. Safe food handling practices are a good defense against foodborne illness. Because we know how different temperatures affect the growth of bacteria in our food, we can protect our families from illness by proper handling, cooking, and storing foods at safe temperatures.

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- Don't fall prey to food myths and misinformation that may harm rather than benefit your health. There is no superfood or diet approach that can reverse weight gain resulting from overeating and inactivity. Fad diets do not work long term because they don't teach new eating habits and may even require you to give up your favorite foods.
- Read food labels to get nutrition facts that help you make smart food choices quickly and easily. Percent Daily Values (DV's) on the nutrition label are a quick way to help you evaluate a particular food. Five percent or less is low – aim for low fat, saturated fat, cholesterol and sodium. Twenty percent or more is high – aim high in vitamins, minerals and fiber.
- Find the healthy fats when making food choices. By choosing
 polyunsaturated or monounsaturated fats such as olive, canola, and
 soybean oils, you can keep your saturated fats, trans fats and cholesterol
 low.
- **Get your nutrition facts from a credible source.** Registered dietitians (RDs), physicians or other healthcare professionals should provide recommendations based on scientific, well-accepted guidelines.

EAT RIGHT CHALLENGE

healthy!

Include 4 food groups in your breakfast
Drink at least 8 cups of water
Try a new whole grain
Eat fruit with every meal
Eat Vegan for the day
Throw out any junk food
Eat something high in Vitamin C
Omit all caloric drinks for the day
Eat vegetables with every meal
Pack your lunch and snacks
Try a new food
Cook a vegetarian meal
Visit the USDA ChooseMyPlate.gov
website
No sugar or desserts

Food prep for the week
Eat real (unprocessed) foods all day
Eat something high in Vitamin A
Eat a variety of colors
Consider planting a garden or herbs (research)
Write down everything you ate/drank
Cook a dinner – an entrée, whole grain or veggie
Double a recipe and freeze half for future use
Eat 1 fruit and 1 vegetable with each meal
Eat something high in Lycopene
Compare your portions to labels' portion size
Make a smoothie using at least 1 vegetable
Check the sodium in your food – aim for
<2,300mg/day
Pat yourself on the back and continue eating